

$f(x)$	$\mathcal{F}(f)(\xi)$
$\delta_0$	1
$\chi_{[a,b]}$	$\frac{\sin(\pi(b-a)\xi)}{\pi\xi} e^{-i\pi(a+b)\xi}$
$e^{-ax} \mathbf{H}(x), \operatorname{Re}(a) > 0$	$\frac{1}{a+2\pi i\xi}$
$\frac{x^k}{k!} e^{-ax} \mathbf{H}(x), \operatorname{Re}(a) > 0$	$\frac{1}{(a+2\pi i\xi)^{k+1}}$
$e^{-a x }, \operatorname{Re}(a) > 0$	$\frac{2a}{a^2+4\pi^2\xi^2}$
$e^{-ax^2}, a > 0$	$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} e^{-\frac{\pi^2}{a}\xi^2}$
$\cos(ax)$	$\left(\delta_{\left\{\frac{a}{2\pi}\right\}} + \delta_{\left\{-\frac{a}{2\pi}\right\}}\right) / 2$
$\sin(ax)$	$\left(\delta_{\left\{\frac{a}{2\pi}\right\}} - \delta_{\left\{-\frac{a}{2\pi}\right\}}\right) / (2i)$
$\cos(ax^2)$	$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi^2\xi^2}{a} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
$\sin(ax^2)$	$-\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi^2\xi^2}{a} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
v.p. $\frac{1}{x}$	$-i\pi \operatorname{sgn}(\xi)$
$e^{-ix^2}$	$\sqrt{2\pi}(1/2 - i/2)e^{i\pi^2\xi^2}$
$e^{-ax^2}, \operatorname{Re}(a) \geq 0$	$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{ a }} e^{-i\frac{\theta_0}{2}} e^{-\frac{\pi^2\xi^2}{a}}, \theta_0 = \operatorname{arctg}(\operatorname{Im}(a)/\operatorname{Re}(a))$

Svojstva Fourierove transformacije:

- $\mathcal{F}(\alpha f + \beta g) = \alpha \mathcal{F}(f) + \beta \mathcal{F}(g)$
- $\mathcal{F}(\tau_a f)(\xi) = e^{-2\pi i a \xi} \mathcal{F}(f)(\xi)$
- $\mathcal{F}(f(ax))(\xi) = \frac{1}{|a|} \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{\xi}{a}\right)$
- $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}(f))(\xi) = f(-\xi)$
- $\mathcal{F}(f^{(n)})(\xi) = (2\pi i \xi)^n \mathcal{F}(f)(\xi)$
- $\mathcal{F}(x^n f(x))(\xi) = \left(\frac{i}{2\pi}\right)^n \mathcal{F}(f)^{(n)}(\xi)$
- $\mathcal{F}(f * g)(\xi) = \mathcal{F}(f)\mathcal{F}(g)$