

Sulfinati i njihova primjena u organskoj sintezi

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Mia Bušljeta, Kemijski seminar I
24. travanj 2024.



Organosumporovi spojevi



Živi organizmi



Funkcionalni materijali



Lijekovi



Agrokemikalije



A standard periodic table of elements is shown, with the element Sulfur (S) circled in red. The element is located in the third period, group 16 (chalcogen group). Its properties are summarized below:

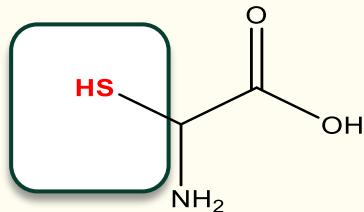
Symbol: S	Name: Sulfur	Atomic Number: 16	Atomic Mass: 32.066
Block: p-block	Group: 16	Period: 3	Classification: Nonmetal
Electron Configuration: [Ne] 3s ² 3p ⁴	Crystal Structure: Molecular	Melting Point: 115.2 °C	Boiling Point: 444.6 °C
Heat of Fusion: 0.092 kJ/mol	Heat of Vaporization: 20.5 kJ/mol	Density: 2.07 g/cm ³	Electronegativity: 2.58
Electron Affinity: 100.5 kJ/mol	First Ionization Energy: 1000 kJ/mol	Second Ionization Energy: 4500 kJ/mol	Third Ionization Energy: 7000 kJ/mol

A detailed periodic table is shown, with the element Sulfur (S) circled in red. The element is located in the third period, group 16 (chalcogen group). Its properties are summarized below:

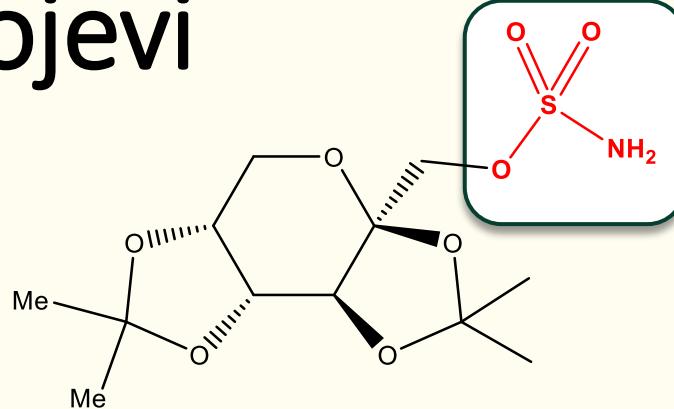
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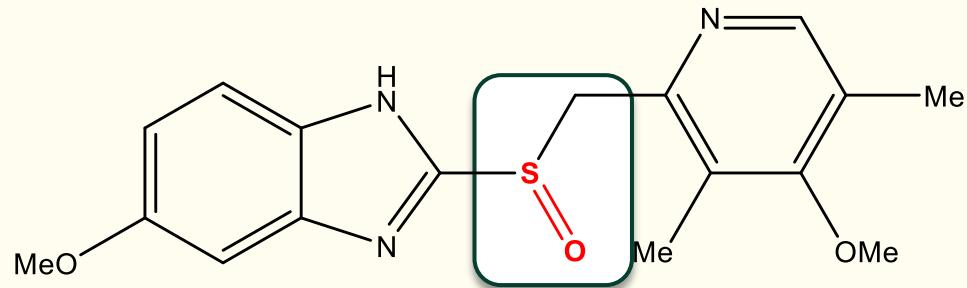
Organosumporovi spojevi



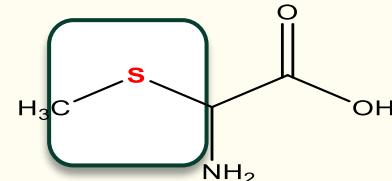
tiol
(cistein)



sulfamat
(topiramat, inhibitor ugljične
anhidraze)



sulfoksid
(omeprazol – inhibitor protonske pumpe)

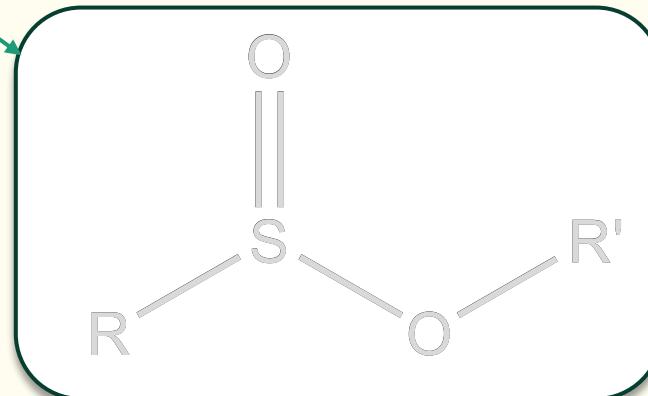
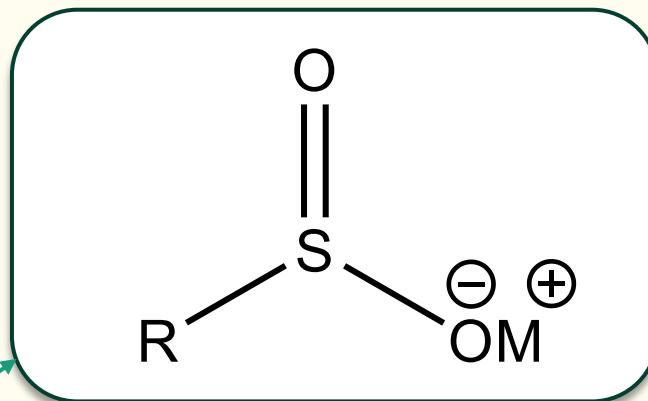
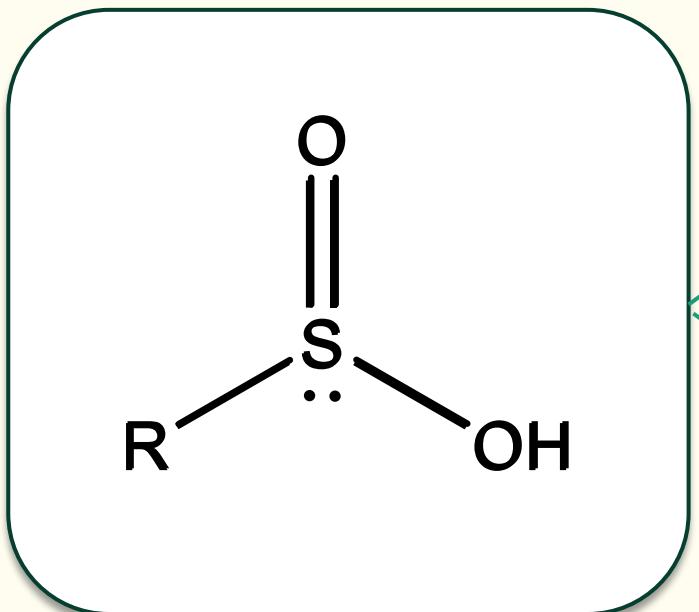


tioeter
(metionin)

Slika 1. Strukture biološki važnih organosumporovih spojeva



Sulfinati

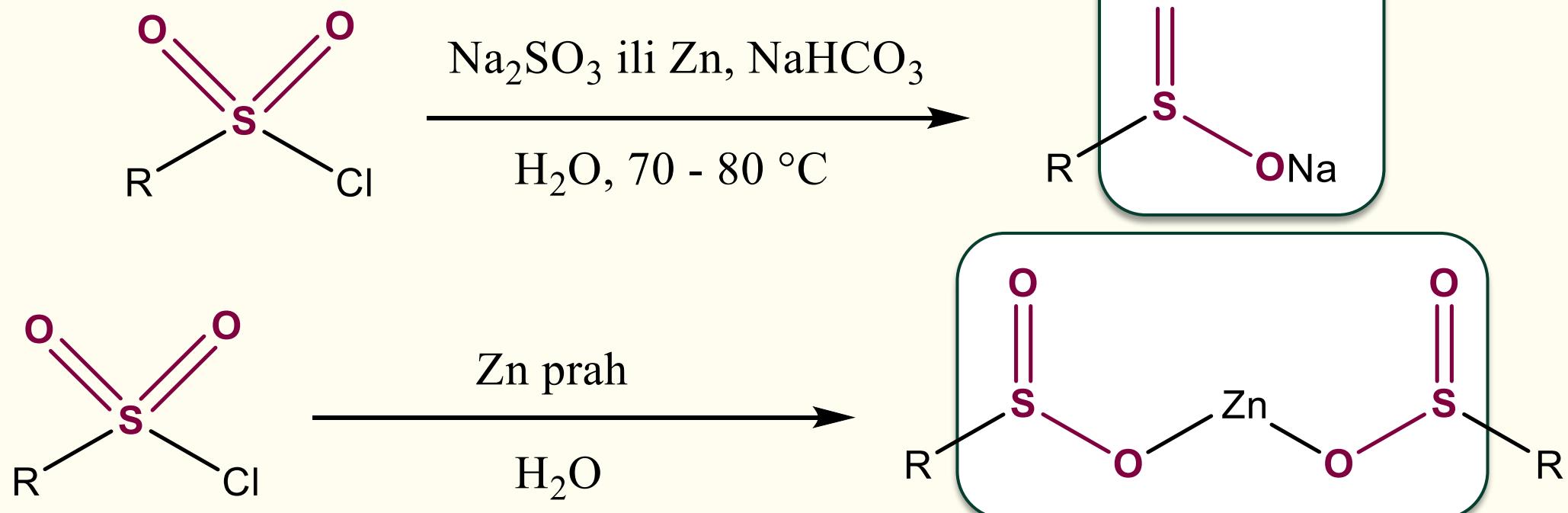
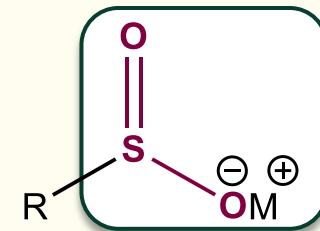


Slika 2. Strukture sulfinske kiseline i sulfinata



Sulfinatne soli

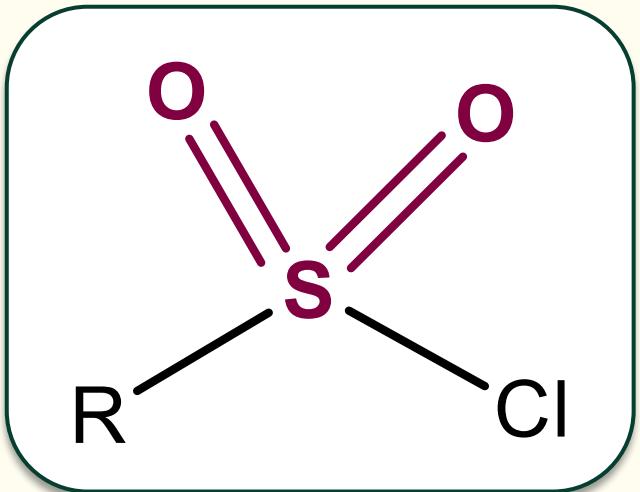
- ✓ Stabilne, netoksične i jeftine
- ✓ Natrijeve i cinkove najčešće korištene



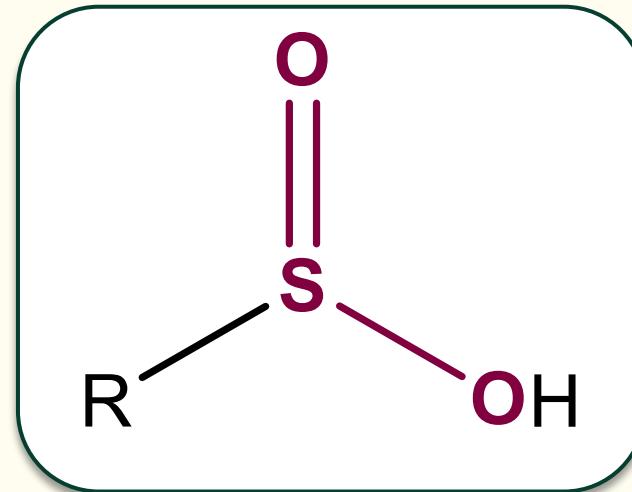
Slika 3. Reakcije dobivanja sulfinatnih soli



Sulfinske kiselina i sulfonil-kloridi



Sulfonil-klorid



Sulfinska kiselina

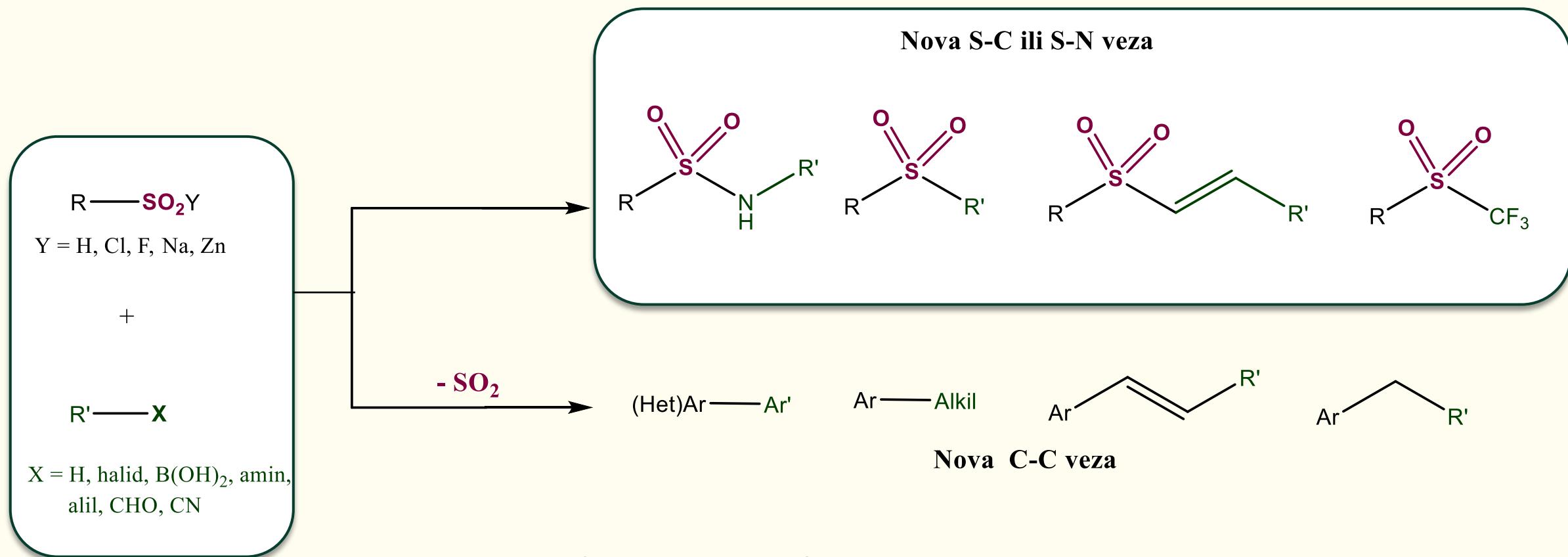
- ✓ Važni prekusori za dobivanje drugih derivata
- ✓ Jako reaktivni i higroskopni

- ✓ Sklone disproporcioniraju na tiosulfonate i sulfonske kiseline
- ✓ Aromatske relativno stabilne

Slika 4. Strukture sulfonil-klorida i sulfinske kiseline



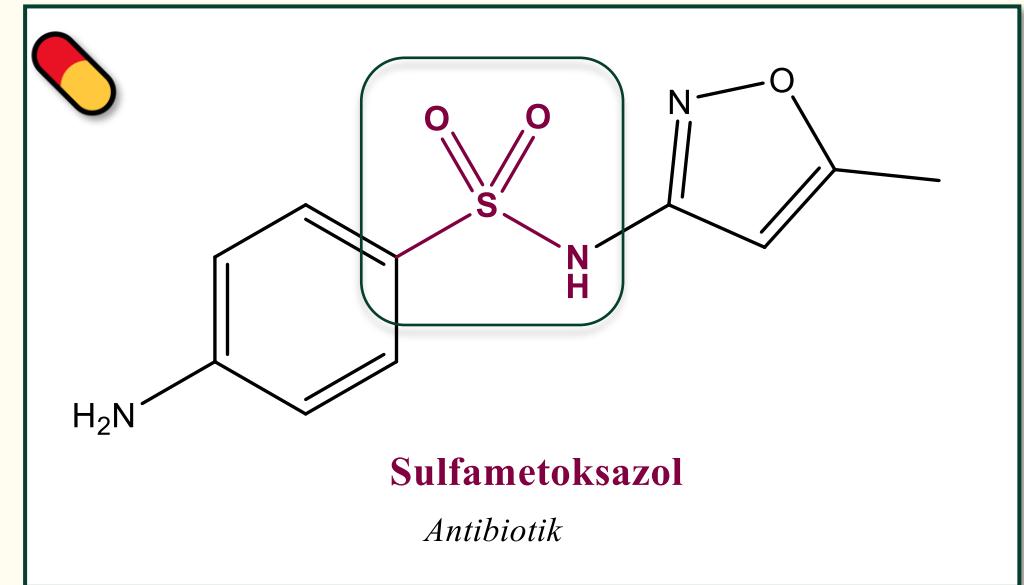
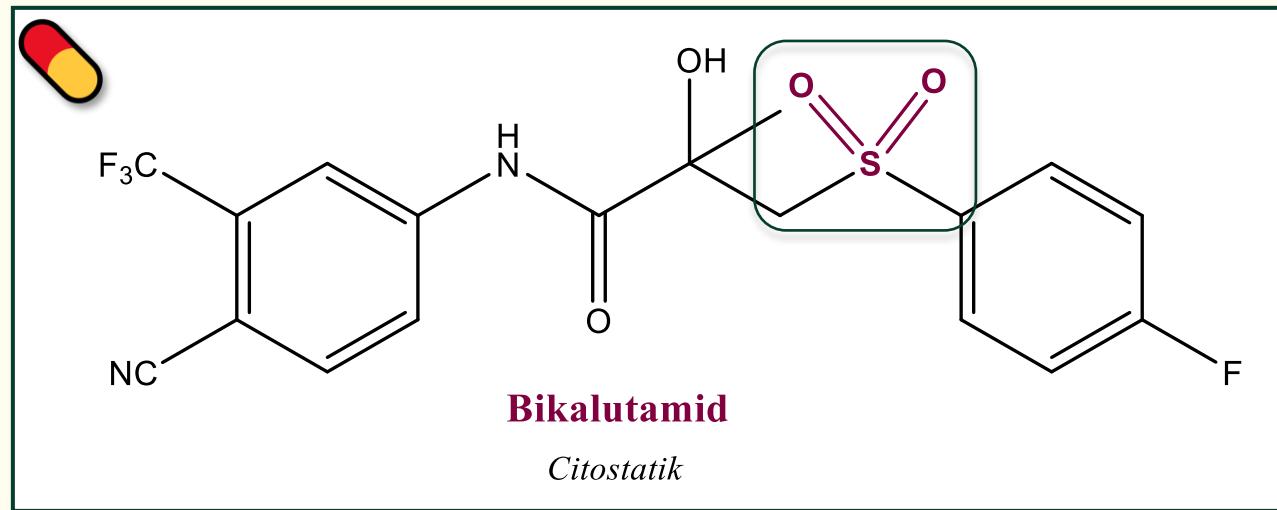
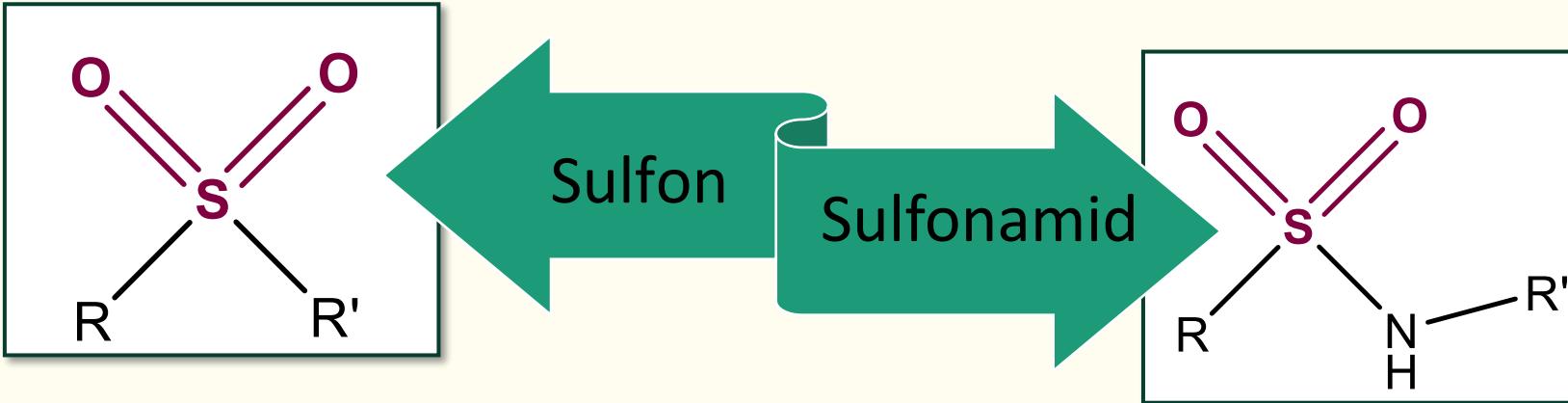
Reakcije sulfinata



Slika 5. Opći prikaz reakcija sulfinata



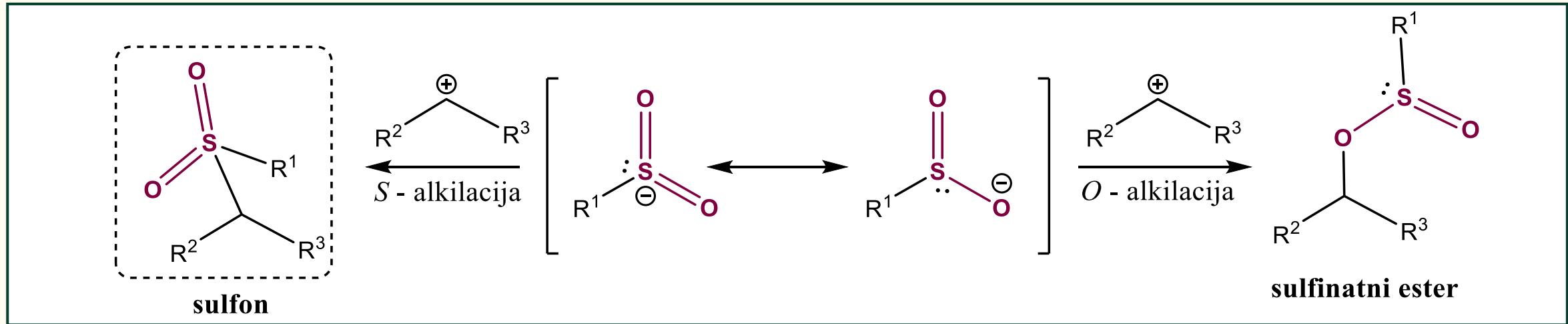
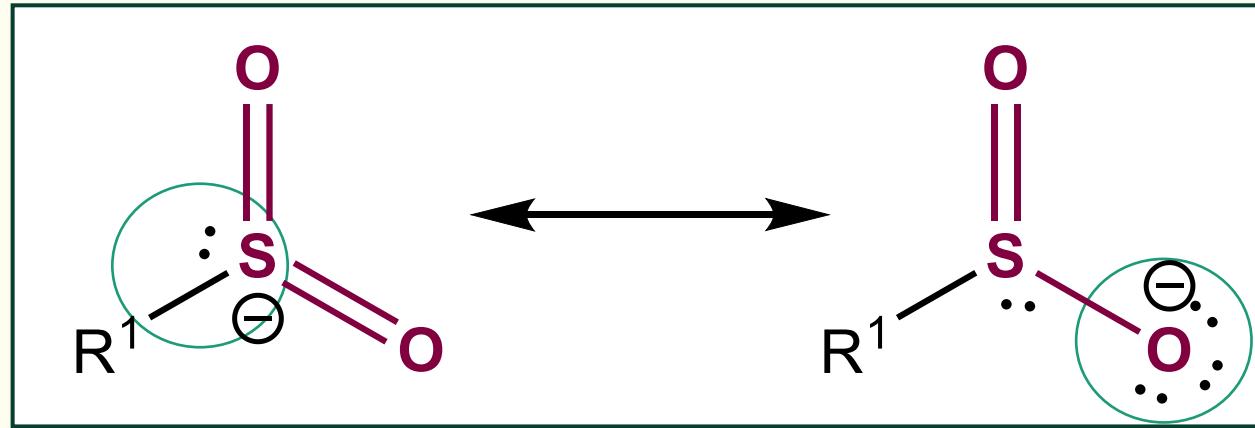
Sulfonska i sulfonamidna funkcijkska skupina



Slika 6. Strukture sulfonske i sulfonamidne skupine (gore) i njihovih biološki aktivnih spojeva (dolje)



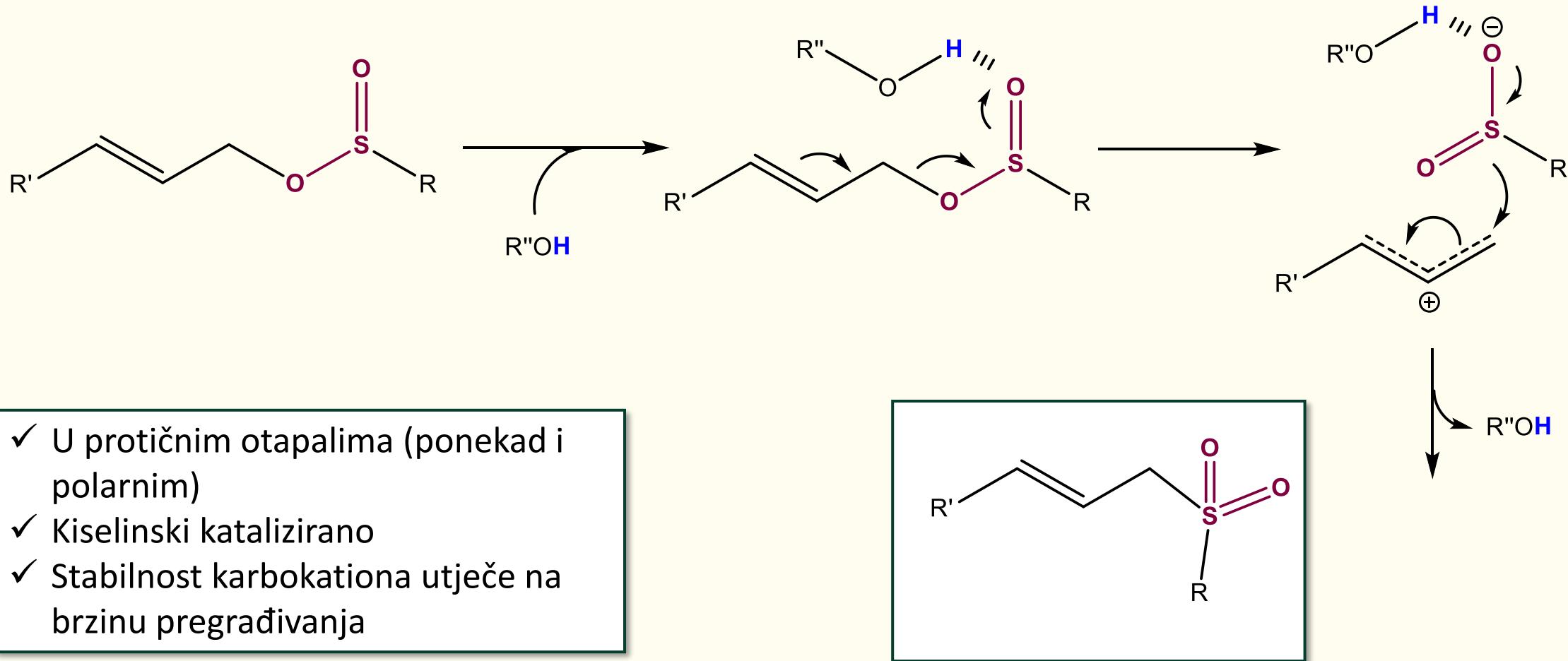
Ambidentno ponašanje sulfinatnog aniona



Slika 7. Abidentno ponašanje sulfinatnog aniona



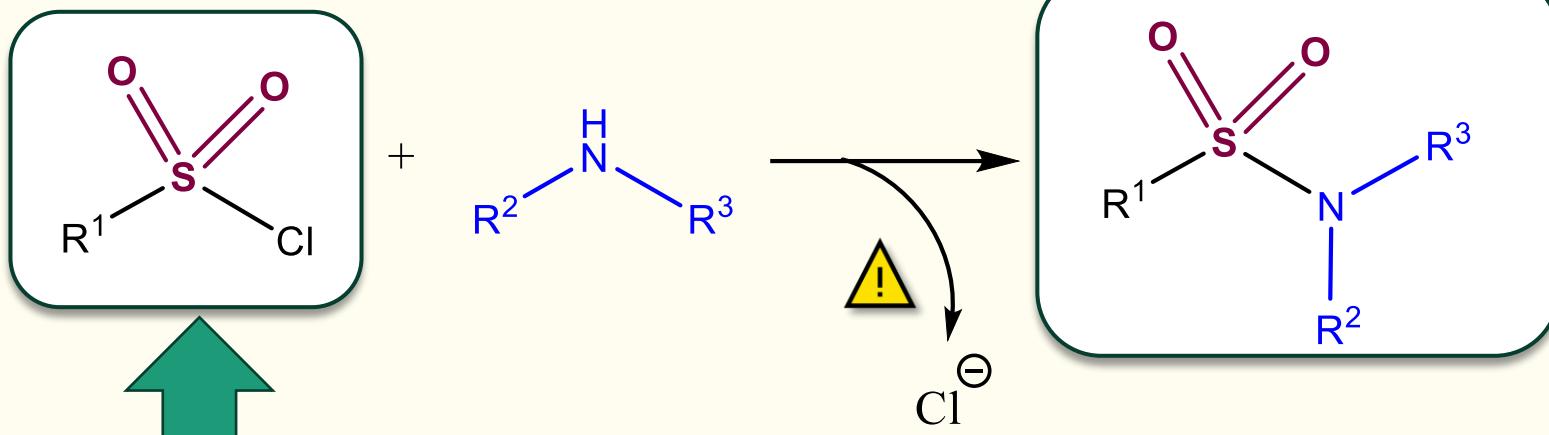
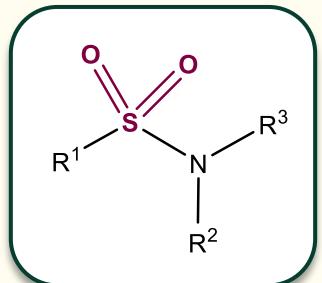
Pregrađivanje sulfinata u sulfon



Slika 8. Mehanizam pregradnje sulfinatnog estera u sulfon



Sinteza sulfonamidne podjedinice

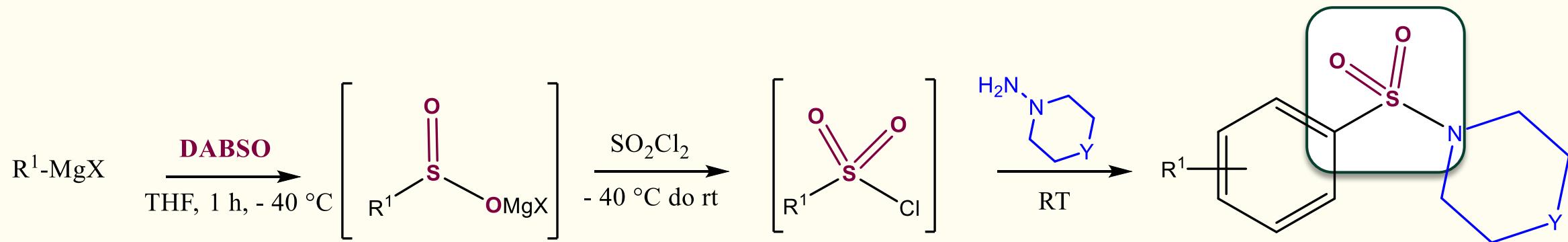
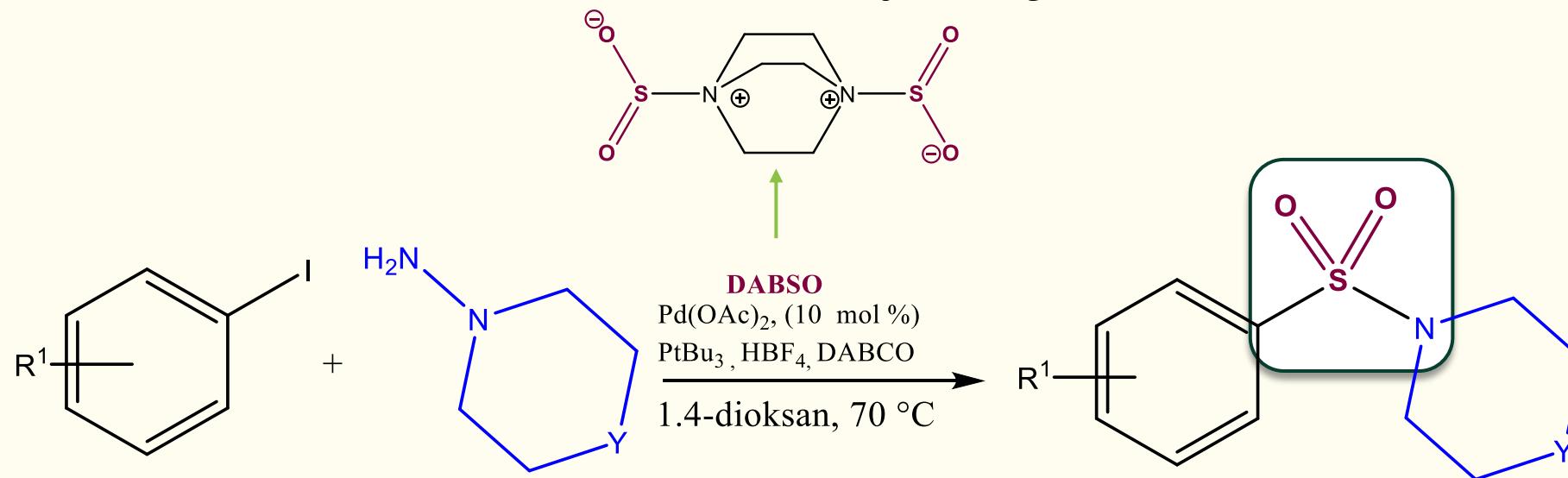
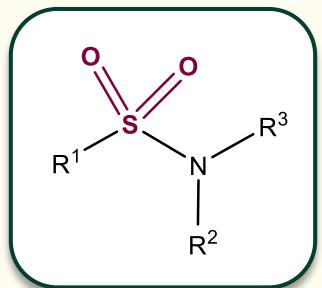


in situ generiranje
oksidacija tiola

Slika 9. Način priprave sulfinamidne fukcijske skupine



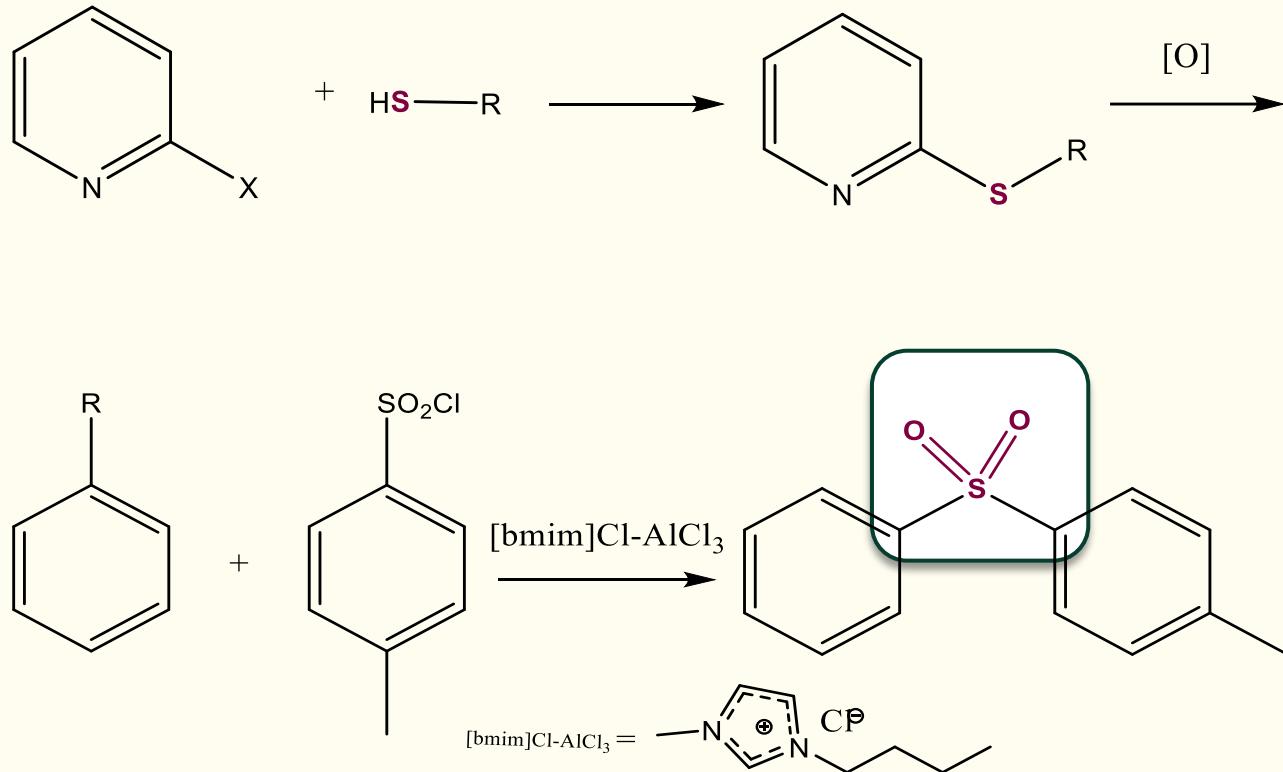
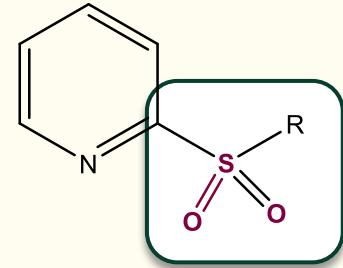
Sinteza sulfonamidne podjedinice



Slika 10. Struktura DABSO-a (gore) i načini priprave sulfinamidne fukcijske skupine (dolje)



Uvođenje sulfonske skupine na (hetero)aromatske spojeve

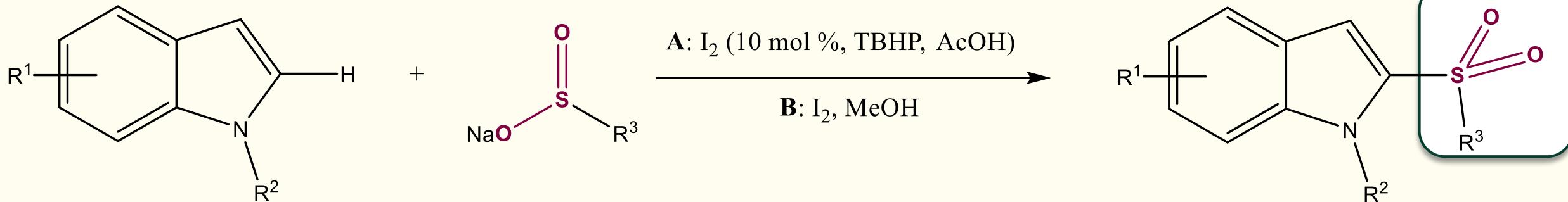
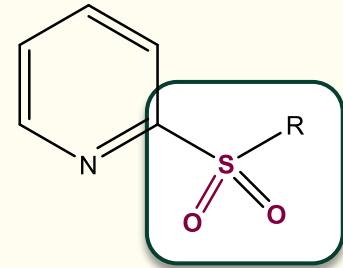


- x Neugodan miris tiola
- x Žestoki reakcijski uvjeti
- x Netolerancija prema drugim funkcijskim skupinama

Slika 11. Uvođenje sulfonske skupine na aromatski prsten



Uvođenje sulfonske skupine na (hetero)aromatske spojeve



R¹ = H, Me, Br, Cl

R² = H, Me

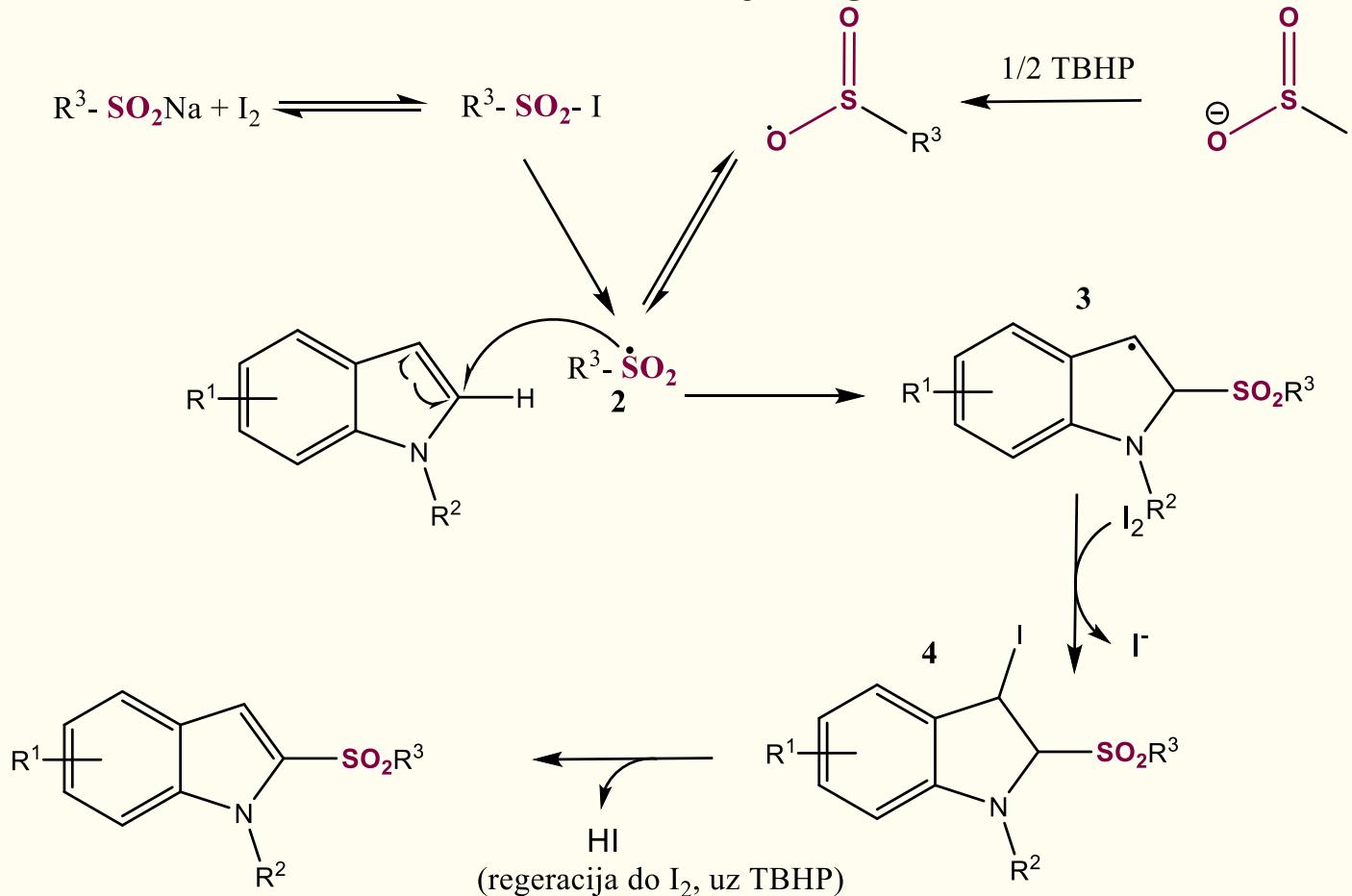
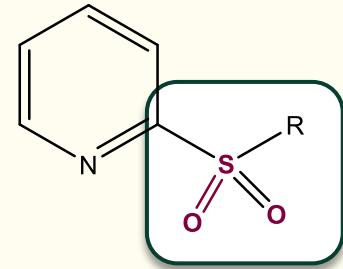
R³ = Aril, Alkil

- ✓ Nije potreba ranja funkcionalizacija prstena
- ✓ Regioselektivnost

Slika 12. Način priprave sulfonske skupine uz pomoć joda i sulfinatne soli



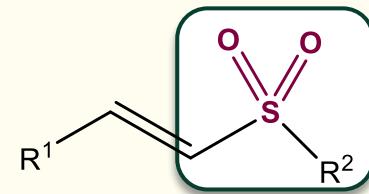
Uvođenje sulfonske skupine na (hetero)aromatske spojeve



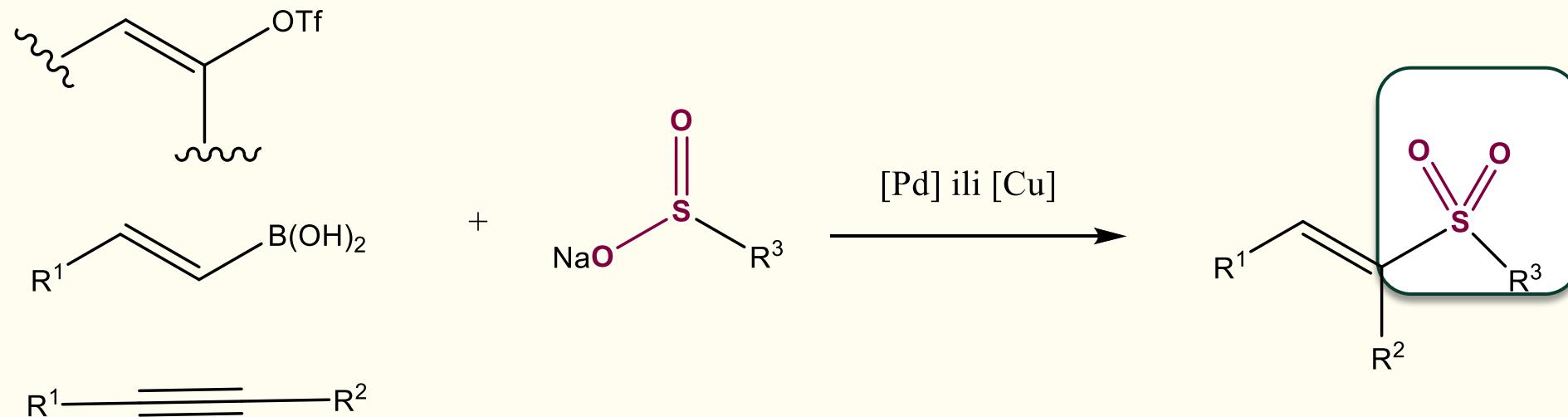
Slika 13. Mehanizam priprave sulfonske skupine uz pomoć joda i sulfinatne soli



Sinteza nezasićenih sulfona



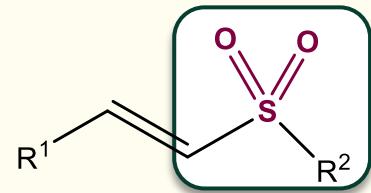
- ✓ Važni međuprodukti u medicinskoj kemiji
- ✓ Moguća sinteza Michaelovom adicijom – često teško dostupni reaktanti
- ✓ Potrebna alternativna metoda



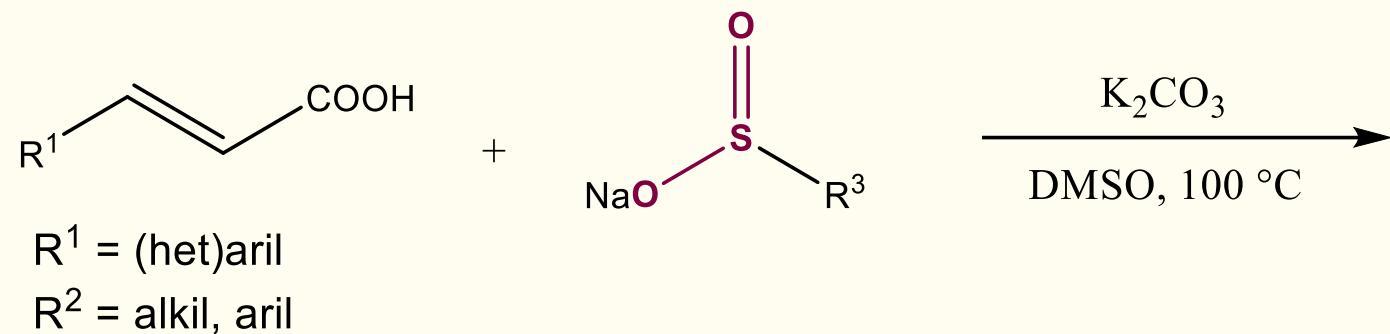
Slika 14. Načini priprave nezasićenih sulfona



Sinteza nezasićenih sulfona



Jiang:

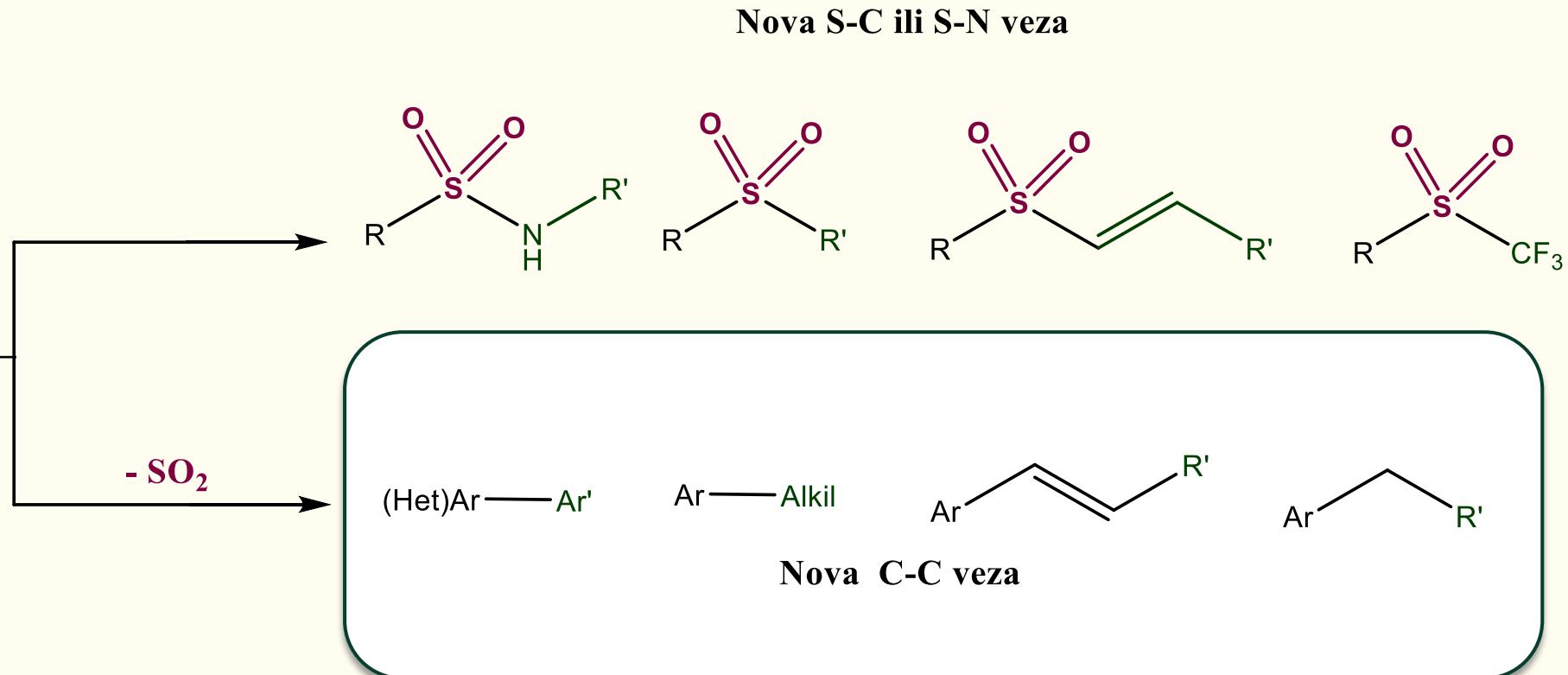
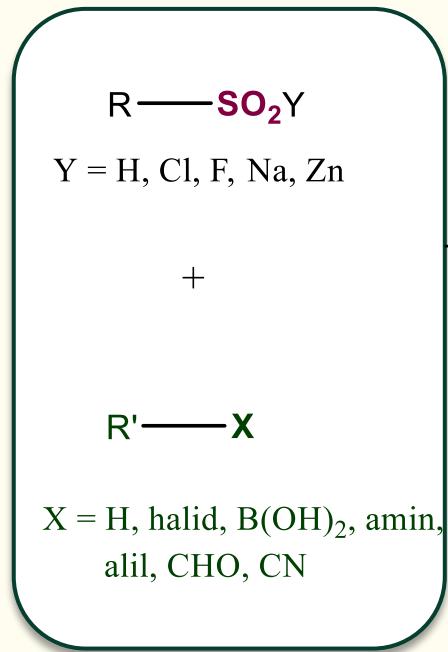


Slika 15. Način priprave nezasićenih sulfona

- ✓ Nije potrebna uporaba metala
- ✓ Lako dostupni reaktanti
- ✓ Visoka tolerancija funkcijskih skupina



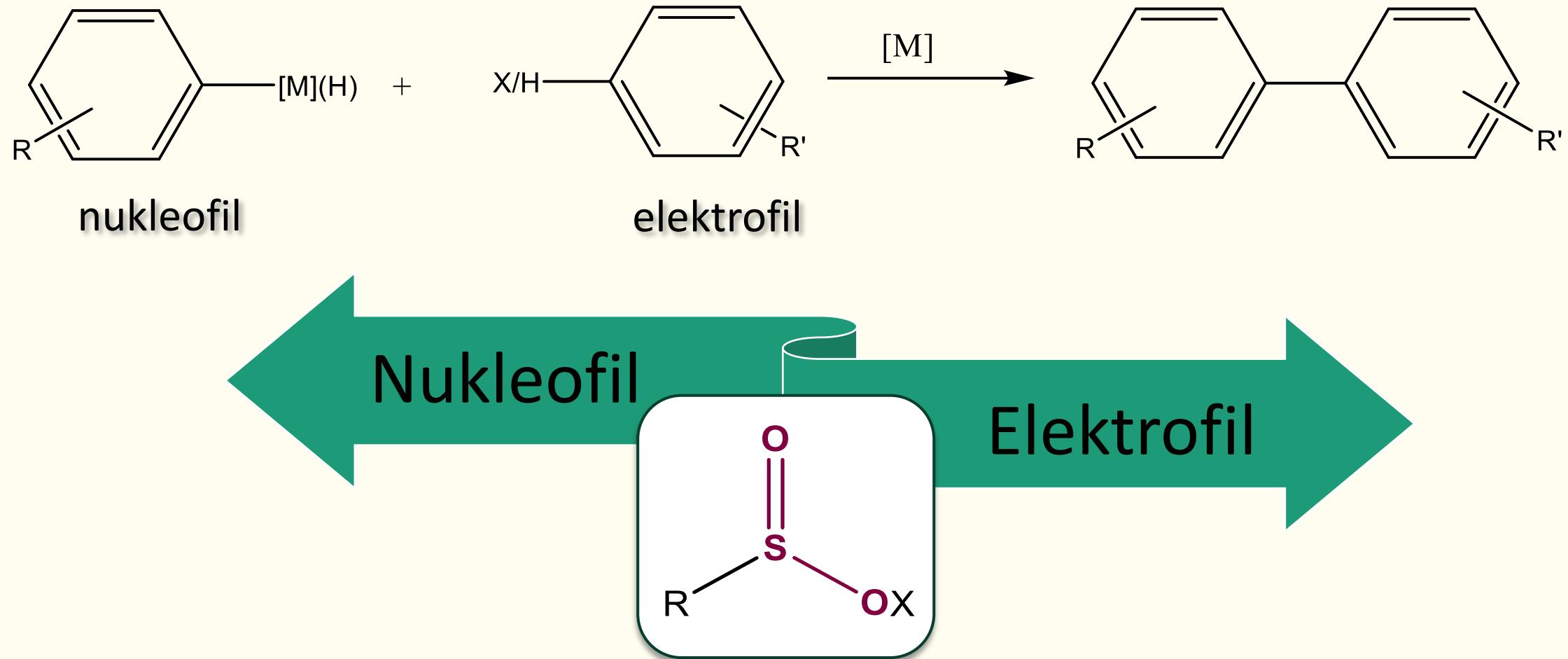
Reakcije sulfinata



Slika 16. Opći prikaz reakcija sulfinata



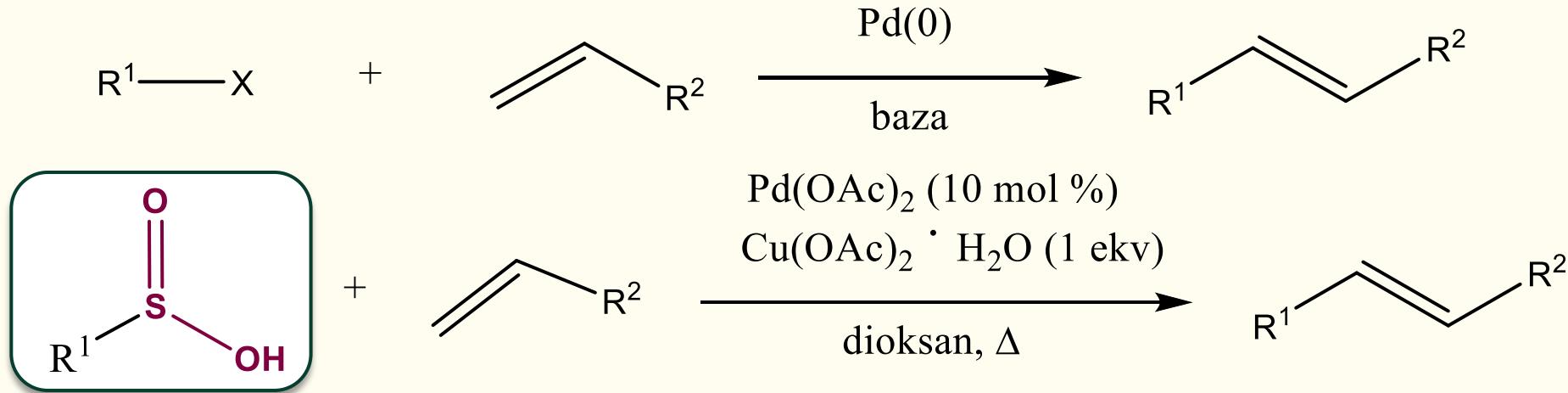
Reakcije nastanka ugljik-ugljik veze



Slika 17. Opći prikaz reakcije unakrsnog povezivanja (gore) i sulfinatnog derivata (dolje)



Sulfinati u Heckovoj reakciji



R^1 = Aril, benzil

R^2 = Ph, *p*-MeC₆H₄, *p*-Cl-C₆H₄, CO₂Me, CO₂*n*Bu

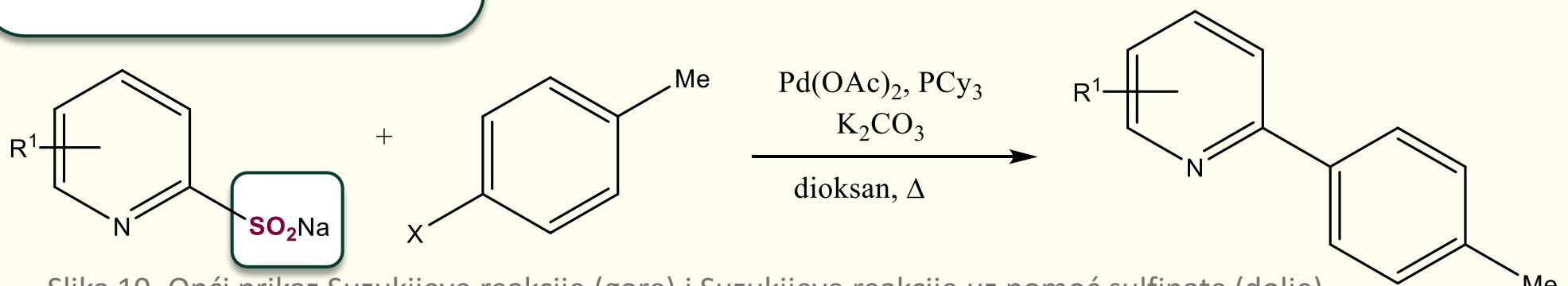
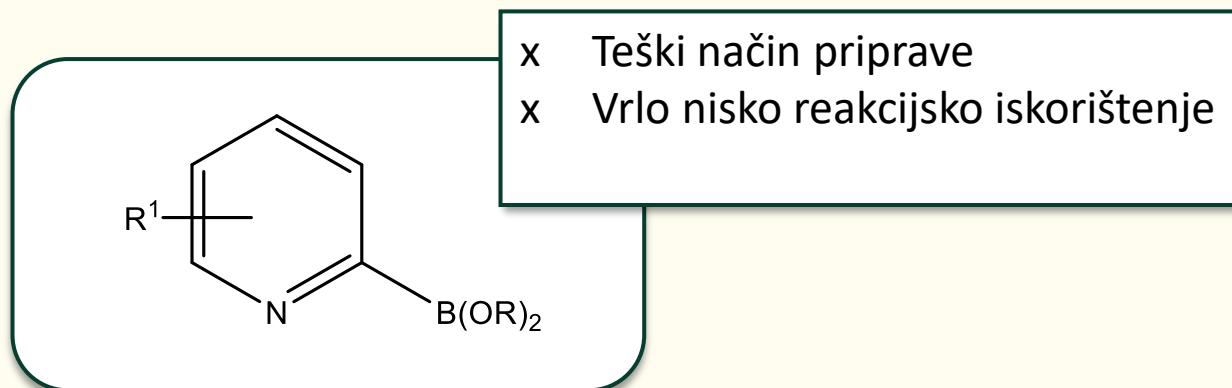
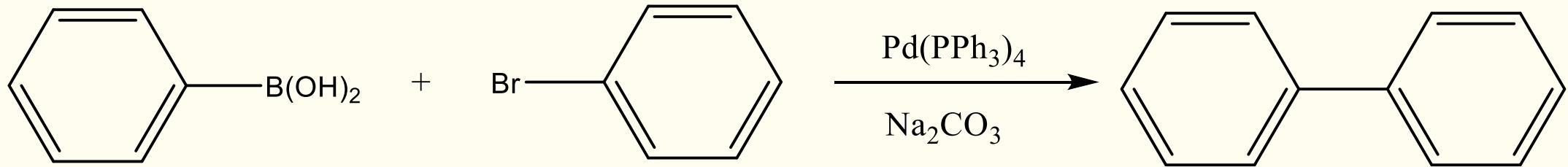
X = Cl, Br, I, OTf, OTs

- ✓ Blaži reakcijski uvjeti
- ✓ Bez potrebe za uporabom baze

Slika 18. Heckova reakcija (gore) te Heckova reakcija provedena uz sulfinat kao polazni reagens (dolje)



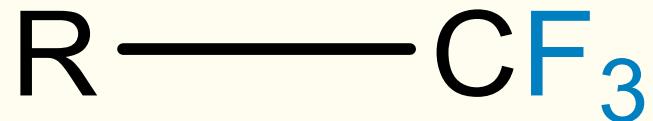
Sulfinati u Suzukijevoj reakciji



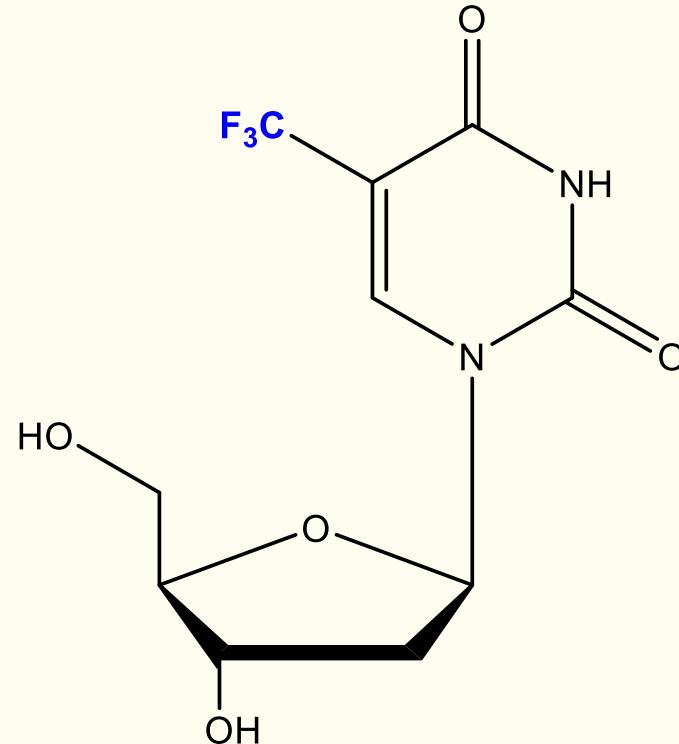
Slika 19. Opći prikaz Suzukijeve reakcije (gore) i Suzukijeve reakcije uz pomoć sulfinate (dolje)



Fluoriranje heterocikličkih spojeva



- ✓ Česti molekulski fragment u biološki važnim spojevima
- ✓ Za uvođenje obično potrebni korozivni fluorirajući reagensi

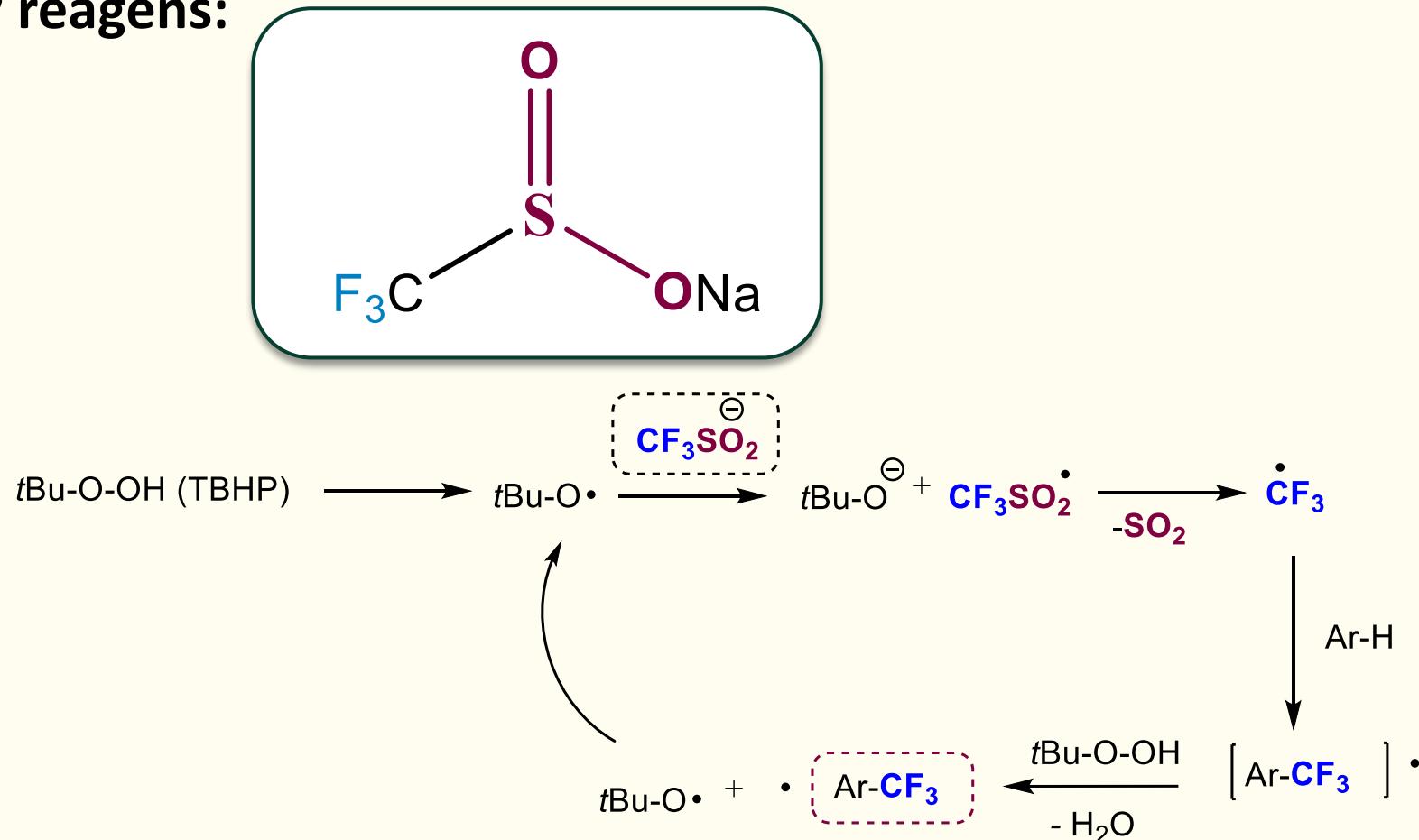


Slika 20. Struktura CF_3 skupine (lijevo) i trifluoridina (desno)



Fluoriranje heterocikličkih spojeva

Langloisov reagens:



Slika 21. Struktura Langloisovog reagensa (gore) i mehanizma uvođenja CF_3 fragmenta (dolje)



Zaključak:

- ✓ Sulfinati imaju ulogu u mnogim organskim reakcijama
- ✓ Još dosta neistraženo područje
- ✓ Poseban značaj prilikom sinteze sulfona/sulfonamida,
ali i sinteze novih ugljik-ugljik veza
- ✓ Razvojem novih reagenasa raste i broj reakcija

Hvala na pažnji!!!