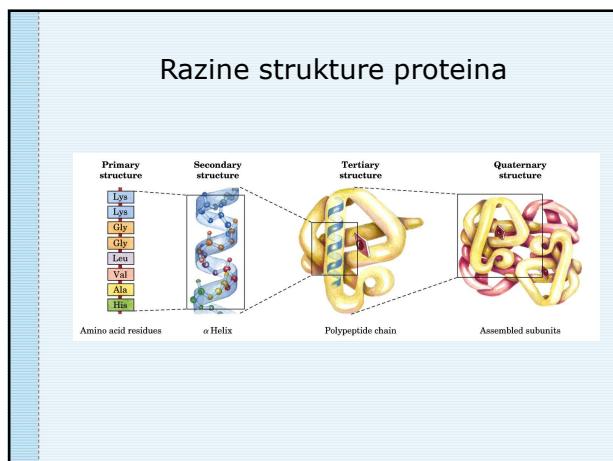
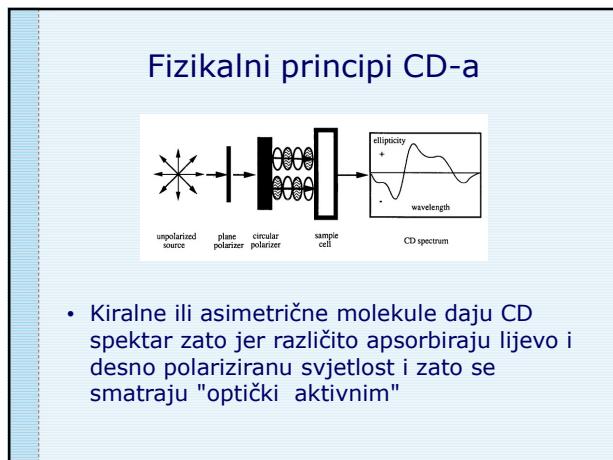


- Klasični način opisa proteina:**
- Primarna struktura - redoslijed (sekvencija) aminokiselina
 - Sekundarna struktura – konformacija peptidnih lanaca
 - Tercijarna struktura
 - Kvaterna struktura

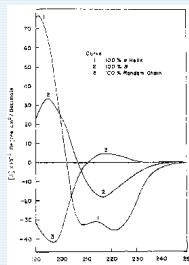


- Spektroskopsko istraživanje sekundarne strukture proteina**
- Cirkularni dikroizam (*Circular dichroism, CD*)
 - Infracrvena (IR) i Raman spektroskopija
 - Nuklearna magnetska rezonancija (NMR)



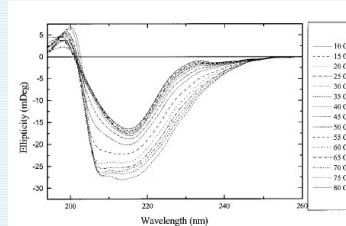
Sekundarna struktura proteina iz CD spektara

- različita vrsta proteina daje različite CD spekture



Sekundarna struktura proteina iz CD spektara

- CD spektri su posebno korisni za određivanje temperaturne ovisnosti sekundarne strukture proteina.



Sekundarna struktura proteina iz CD spektara

ostale informacije:

- (1) interakcije protein - ligand;
- (2) termodinamika smatanja (*folding*) proteina;
- (3) promjene konformacije i agregacija proteina;
- (4) međuproizvodi smatanja;
- (5) kinetika smatanja proteina.

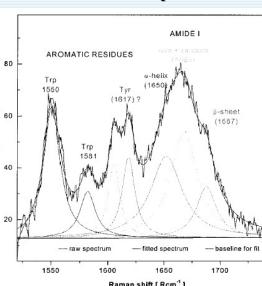
N. J. Greenfeld, Applications of circular dichroism in protein and peptide analysis, *Trends in analytical chemistry*, vol. 18, no. 4, 1999

Sekundarna struktura proteina iz IR i Ramanskih spektara (vibracije!)

- amidne vrpce se najčešće koriste za istraživanje strukture proteina

Principal Amide I Frequencies Characteristic of Protein Secondary Structures		
Conformation	H ₂ O	D ₂ O
α -helix	1650–1657	1647–1654
Antiparallel β -sheet	1612–1640; 1670–1690 (weak)	1628–1635
Parallel β -sheet	1626–1640	
Turn	1655–1675	
	1680–1696	
Unordered	1640–1651	1643

Sekundarna struktura proteina iz IR i Ramanskih spektara (vibracije!)



- Ramanski spektri daju informacije o aromatskim ostacima u području oko 1620 cm^{-1}

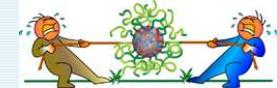
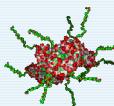
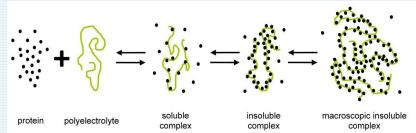
Sekundarna struktura proteina pomoću NMR spektroskopije

- Određivanje sekundarne strukture pomoću NMR spektroskopije ne zahtijeva potpunu trodimenzijsku strukturu analizu kao što zahtijeva rendgenska kristalografska.
- Poznavanje kemijskih pomaka amida i protona su u principu sve što je potrebno.
- Spektroskopija NMR je najsnajžnija i najtočnija metoda određivanja sekundarne strukture proteina bez trodimenzijske strukture.

Interakcija proteina sa...

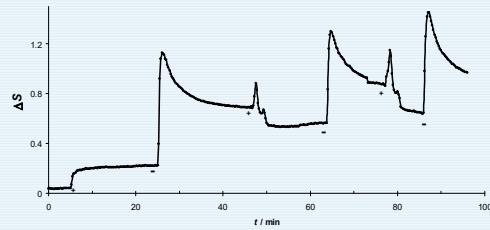
- ... polielektrolitima
- ... polisaharidima
- ... DNA
- ... itd
- Primjena!!

Kompleksi protein-polielektrolit

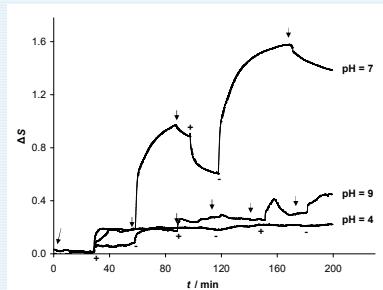


Karakterizacija polielektrolitno-proteinskih višeslojeva pomoću optičke reflektometrije

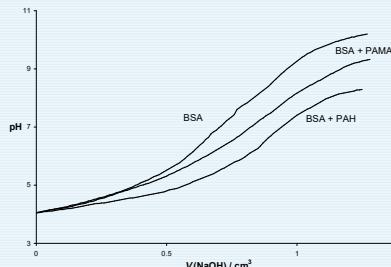
PVP⁺/BSA



PAMA/BSA

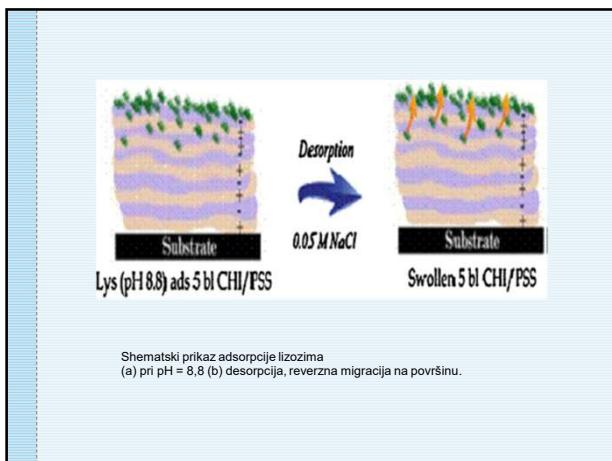


potenciometrijska titracija

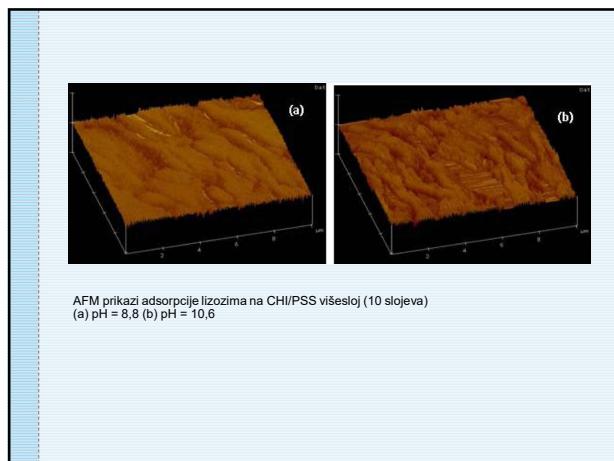


J. Mathew et al., *Fabrication of switchable protein resistant and adhesive multilayer membranes*, Colloids and Surfaces B: Biointerfaces 94 (2012) 118– 124

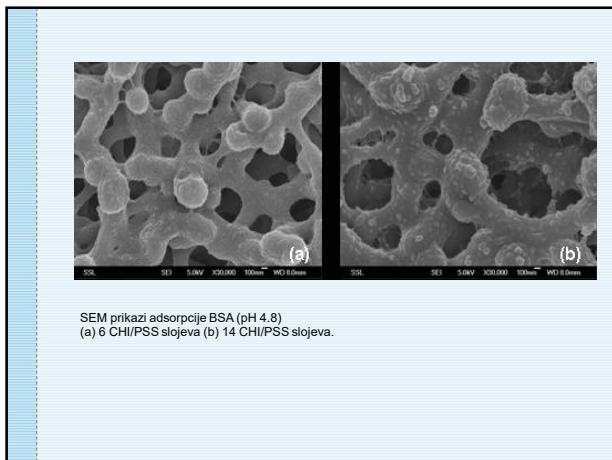
- Fabrication of protein adhesive and resistant surfaces based on chitosan/polystyrene sulfonate (CHI/PSS) multilayer membranes is presented. Adsorption behavior of bovine serum albumin (BSA) and lysozyme to CHI/PSS multilayer was studied.



Shematski prikaz adsorpcije lizozima
(a) pri pH = 8,8 (b) desorpcija, reverzna migracija na površinu.



AFM prikazi adsorpcije lizozima na CHI/PSS višesloj (10 slojeva)
(a) pH = 8,8 (b) pH = 10,6



SEM prikazi adsorpcije BSA (pH 4,8)
(a) 6 CHI/PSS slojeva (b) 14 CHI/PSS slojeva.

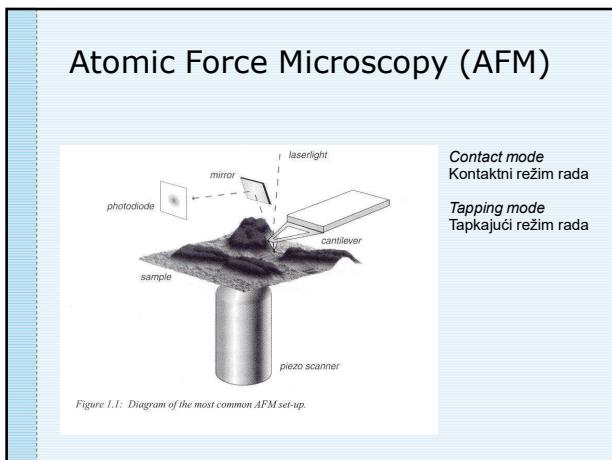
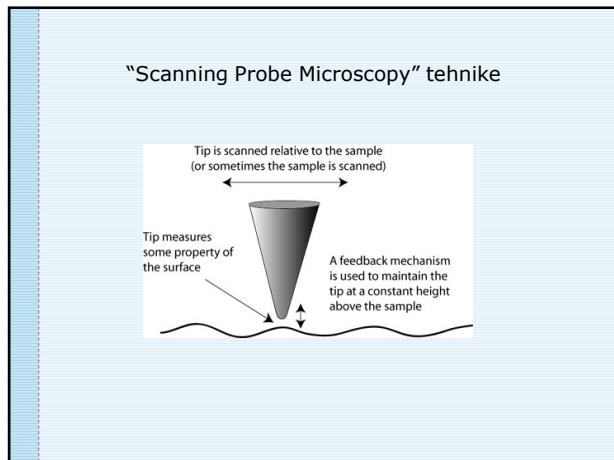
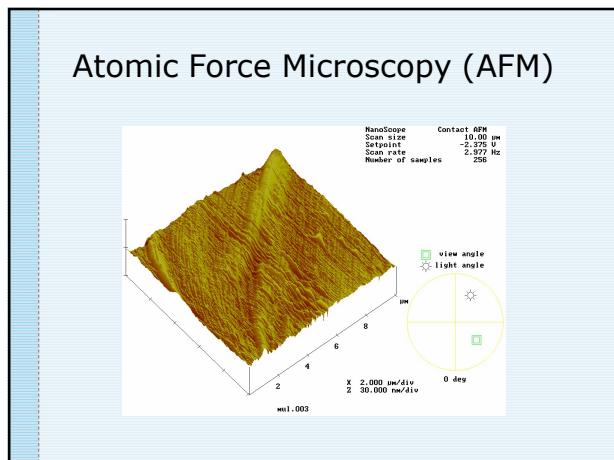
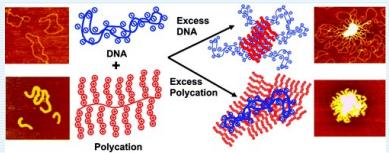


Figure 1.1: Diagram of the most common AFM set-up.



Polyelectrolyte – DNA complexes



D. Störkle, S. Duschner, N. Heimann, M. Maskos, and M. Schmidt, Complex Formation of DNA with Oppositely Charged Polyelectrolytes of Different Chain Topology: Cylindrical Brushes and Dendrimers, *Macromolecules*, 2007, 40 (22), pp 7998–8006.

Seminarske prezentacije:

cca 10 min + diskusija

19. 5.

26. 5.

9. 6.

16. 6. predrok