

Tablica limesa

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{sh} x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{ch} x - 1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = e$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1 + x)}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \ln a \quad (a > 0)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + x)^a - 1}{x} = a \quad (a \in \mathbb{R})$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^p}{a^x} = 0 \quad (p \in \mathbb{R}, a > 1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{a_m x^m + a_{m-1} x^{m-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0}{b_n x^n + b_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0} = \begin{cases} \frac{a_m}{b_n} & \text{kada je } m = n \\ 0 & \text{kada je } m < n \\ \pm\infty & \text{kada je } m > n \end{cases}$$

$$(m, n \in \mathbb{N}_0, a_0, \dots, a_m, b_0, \dots, b_n \in \mathbb{R}, a_m, b_n \neq 0)$$

Limesi oblika $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \varphi(x)^{\psi(x)}$

Neka je $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \varphi(x) = A$, $0 < A \leq +\infty$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \psi(x) = B$, $-\infty \leq B \leq +\infty$, pri čemu je $-\infty \leq c \leq +\infty$.

1° Ako je $B \in \mathbb{R}$, onda vrijedi

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \varphi(x)^{\psi(x)} = A^B$$

2° Ako je $A \neq 1$, $B = \pm\infty$, onda vrijedi

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \varphi(x)^{\psi(x)} = \begin{cases} +\infty & \text{kada je } A < 1, B = -\infty \\ 0 & \text{kada je } A < 1, B = +\infty \\ 0 & \text{kada je } A > 1, B = -\infty \\ +\infty & \text{kada je } A > 1, B = +\infty \end{cases}$$

3° Ako je $A = 1$, $B = \pm\infty$, onda se limes računa po formuli

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \varphi(x)^{\psi(x)} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow c} (\varphi(x) - 1)\psi(x)}$$